## INTRASPECIFIC INTERACTIONS OF *MELOIDOGYNE* JAVANICA AND RACES OF *M. INCOGNITA*

## M. WAJID KHAN AND S.R. HAIDER

Plant Pathology & Plant Nematology Laboratories, Department of Botany, Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh-202002, India.

## Abstract

The intraspecific interactions (competition among the individuals in the same species/race) of *Meloidogyne javanica* and races of *M. incognita* were examined separately in pot experiments to understand their significance in co-existence of the species/races of *Meloidogyne* in mixed populations in crop fields. The intraspecific interaction in all the nematodes was intense and similar in trend. A step wise increase in the initial population level (P<sub>i</sub>) progressively caused greater suppression of plant growth parameters. Number of females and eggs, and total population (P<sub>f</sub>) of the nematodes increased with an increase in P<sub>i</sub>. An increase in reproduction factor (R<sub>f</sub>) also occurred but it declined when P<sub>i</sub> was increased form 1,000 to 10,000 J<sub>2</sub>. Split inoculation of P<sub>i</sub>10,000 J<sub>2</sub> in two installments indicated competition between the individuals of the nematodes. Reductions in plant growth, number of females and eggs, P<sub>f</sub> and R<sub>f</sub> were greater in split-inoculations than non-split inoculation of P<sub>1</sub>10,000 J<sub>2</sub>. Greater number of mature females and eggs, and higher P<sub>f</sub> and R<sub>f</sub> were obtained with 2,500 + 7,500 J<sub>2</sub> than with 5,000 + 5,000 J<sub>2</sub> or 7,500 + 2,500 J<sub>2</sub>. This trend was consistent for all the nematodes. The intense intraspecific interactions (competition between the individuals of two different species) to ensure their mixed occurrence in agricultural soils.